

TQCI

Integrating quantum computers into CEA's TGCC Compute Center

04/12/2025

Jean-Marc DUCOS



OUTLINE

- 1. CEA DIF and TGCC presentation
- 2. TGCC technical infrastructure
- 3. Specific issues with quantum machine at TGCC services
- 4. Next step and Feedback



CEA DIF and TGCC presentation



CEA DAM Ile-de-France



- ➤ A first rank research centre in Essonne (south Paris)
 - ~2000 employees, ~100 PhD and postdoctoral students
 - A large usage of HPC resources dedicated to "civilian" (TGCC) or "defence" (TERA-EXA)
 applications

- Our missions at CEA/DIF
 - French and European research
 - Nuclear warheads design and certification (Simulation Program)
 - Fight against proliferation and terrorism
 - Alert to authorities (geophysical hazards, tsunami, ...)



CEA HPC ressources for Research, Industry and Defence



1 site (CEA/DIF), 2 facilities and 4 computing centres, https://www-hpc.cea.fr/

OCRE

R&D Zone



TGCC Facility (open science)

Cold water DLC



France (GENCI) and Europe (EuroHPC)

Joliot-Curie
22 Petaflop/s
Alice Recoque

1 Exaflop/s 2026

TOPAZE 10 Petaflop/s



CEA and Industrial partners
(CCRT)



TERA-EXA
Facility
(Defence)

Warm water DLC



CEA/DAM **Defence usages** (EXA)

EXA1-HE

180 Petaflop/s

EXA1-HF36 Petaflop/s

ECRIN

2 Petaflop/s



CEA and **Defence partners** (CCMD)

TGCC, a world-class computing centre



RTE

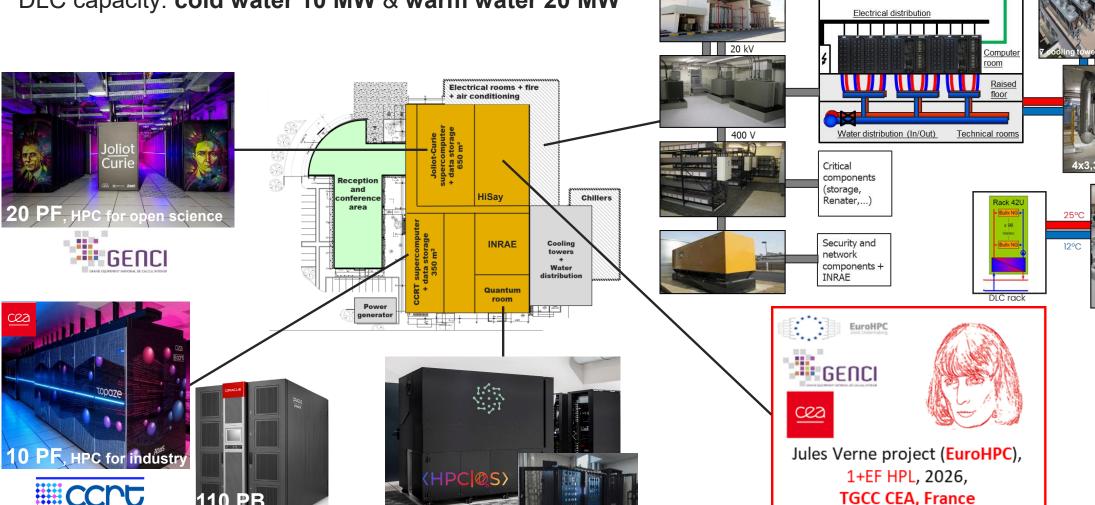
225 kV (60 MW)





➤ Built in 2010 to host and operate large scale supercomputers for HPC

- Computer rooms: 2600 m², technical zone: 3000 m²
- Electrical power capacity: 2x30MW, 36 MW configured
- DLC capacity: cold water 10 MW & warm water 20 MW



Quantum computing@TGCC

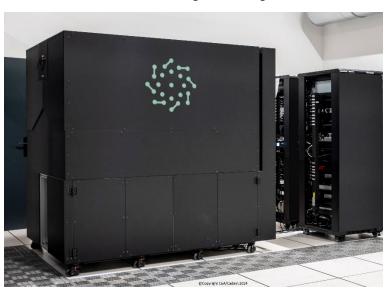








> RUBY : Pasqal's quantum simulator system, 100 qubits neutral atoms (Q3/2025)







> LUCY : Quandela's photonic quantum system, 12 qubits (Q4/2025)











10+-qubit quantum computers acquired through a call for expression of interest (CEI)







30 partners in total

17 countries involved







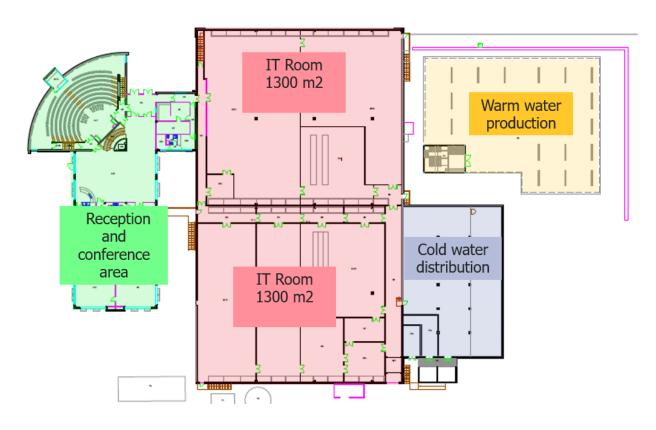
7 TGCC technical infrastructure

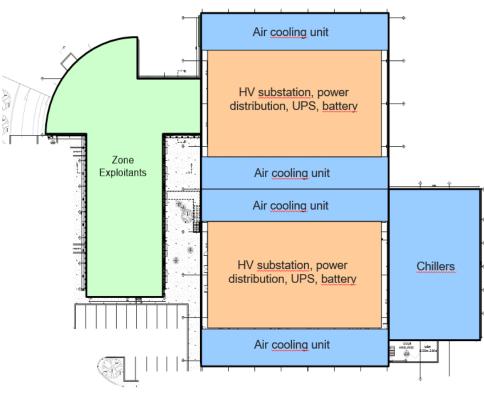


Ground floor of the TGCC



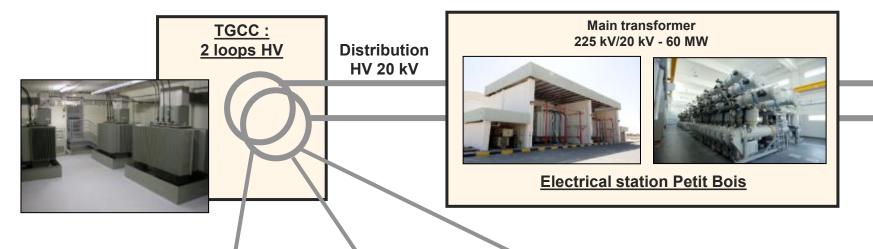
Basement of the TGCC



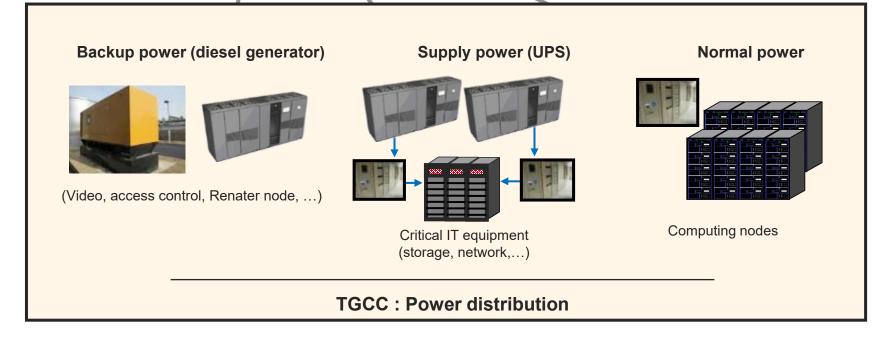


Infrastructure – Electrical power distribution





2 loops HV 225 kV





Infrastructure - Cooling



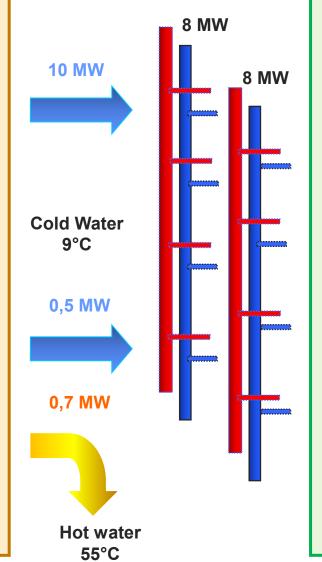


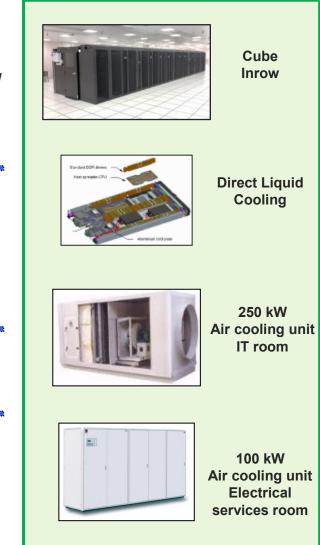


Seven dry-hybrid cooling towers











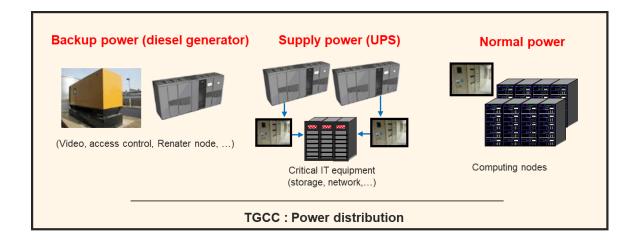
Specific issues with Quantum machine at TGCC services



Power supply

13

- > TGCC : Already 3 types of power supply
 - Normal
 - UPS
 - Backup



- It's easy to add electrical cabinets as needed for quantum computer
 - We currently use supply power (UPS) for quantum computer
 - Using backup power is being considered (it was not in the initial specifications)





Cooling

- > TGCC: Direct liquid cooling (85%) and air cooling (15%)
 - Currently a cold water loop at 9°C

- Quantum computer
 - Cold water is available at 9°C (it could be necessary to install a heat exchanger)
 - New air cooling units in the quantum room with flow reversal to prevent dust (from top to bottom)
 - More accurate temperature and humidity control



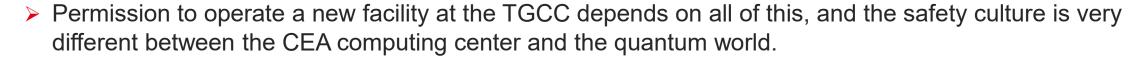


New hazards for personnel

- New risks to be considered
 - Laser
 - Anoxia
 - Pressurized equipment, ...



- New procedures
- New safety equipment
- Safety files
- Prevention plans, ...











Next step and Feedback



Next step and Feedback





- After installing Ruby and Lucy at TGCC, we should soon be welcoming a third quantum computer, based on superconducting cat qubits. This will involve new specifications to take into account:
 - Nitrogen supply management
 - Vibration and acoustic constraints
 - Electromagnetic field constraints, ...
- Feedback from the integration of the first two quantum computers at TGCC :
 - The most difficult point was taking security into account with our level of requirements for an installation in operation at the CEA.
 - The second point of attention is a clear specification of all the needs and constraints for the operation and maintenance of these new quantum computers.







