

# Application Performance Exploration using the QED-C Quantum Computing Benchmark Framework

*Presentation prepared for the  
2<sup>nd</sup> TQCI International Seminar on Benchmarks for Quantum Computers  
4-5 June 2024 - REIMS*

by

*Tom Lubinski*

*QED-C\* Standards and Benchmark Committee, Quantum Computing Group Lead  
Chief Software Architect and Senior Technical Advisor, Quantum Circuits Inc.*

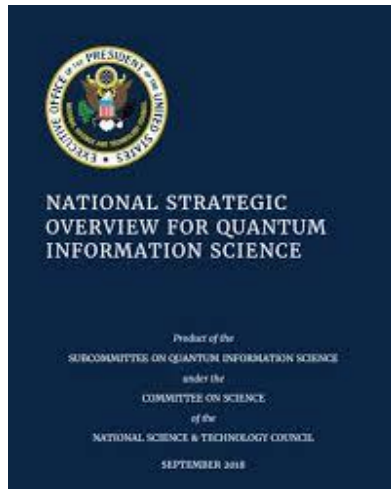
*\* QED-C = Quantum Economic Development Consortium*

# Agenda

- Background – Quantum Economic Development Consortium (QED-C)
  - Application-Oriented Benchmarks Project – Motivation and Goals
  - Published Results
  - Structure and Implementation
  - Recent and Current Work
  - Benchmarks – Future Directions
- 
- *An active project for benchmarking, integrating the perspectives of representatives from multiple QED-C member companies*

# Quantum Economic Development Consortium (QED-C)

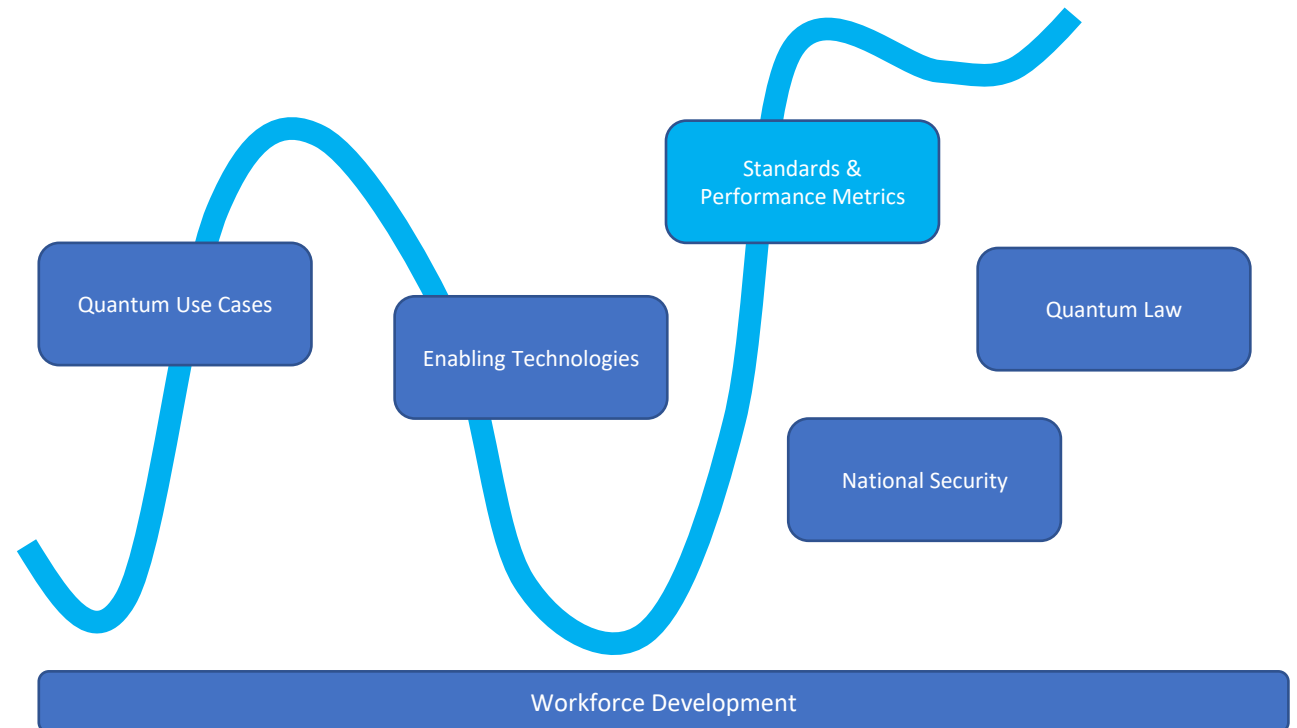
- **25 Sep 2018** - Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) announces the ***National Strategic Overview for Quantum Information Science***
- **28 Sep 2018** - National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) announces formation of the **Quantum Economic Development Consortium (QED-C)**
- **Encourage and facilitate** global quantum research and development and grow the emerging quantum industry in computing, communications and sensing.
- **Technical Advisory Committees**



**NIST**  
National Institute of  
Standards and Technology  
U.S. Department of Commerce



**SRI International®**



# QED-C Technical Advisory Committee – Standards and Performance Metrics

## *“The Standards TAC”*

*Identify ways to **encourage development of standards and performance metrics** in Quantum Information Science to accelerate commercialization of quantum-based products and services..*

- **Primary Group**
  - Standards Landscape, Eco-System
  - Standards Information Web-Site
- **Quantum Sensing Group**
  - Standards in Quantum Sensing
- **Quantum Networking Group**
  - QKD Use Cases and Certification Challenges
  - Quantum Networking Interoperability
- **Quantum Computing Group**
  - Study Benchmarks/Standards as applied to Use Cases
  - *Application-Oriented Performance Benchmarks*



*Our Effort*

# Observations

- A large body of high-quality work exists for evaluating performance of quantum computers
- T1, T2, QPT, RB, XEB -> SPAM, 1Q and 2Q Fidelity, Quantum Volume, CLOPS, ...
- Focus on optimizations of techniques for characterizing
  - 1) *component properties*
  - 2) *inter-component interactions*
  - 3) *aggregate behaviors*

*Factors important to building a quantum computer and presenting general performance measures!*

*How do we provide performance benchmarks in the context of usage in real applications?*

## QED-C Solution – “Application-Oriented Performance Benchmarks”

*From a scientific perspective ... Quality + Time + Resources can be predicted from component and system-level benchmarks.*

*Application-focused benchmarks are not strictly required to understand performance.*

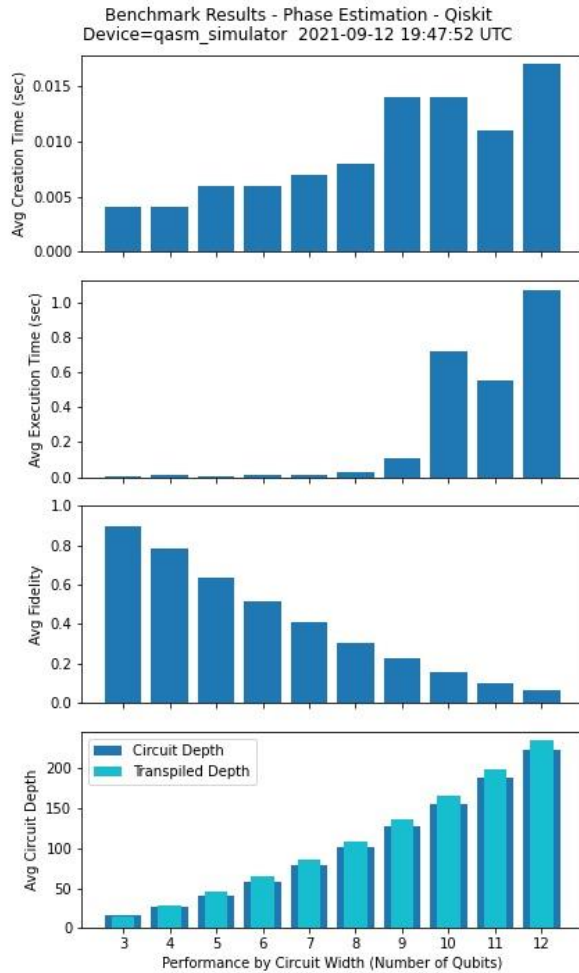
---

From a user perspective ... “OK, I believe you ... but I want to run some tests myself!”

To help the user accomplish this ...

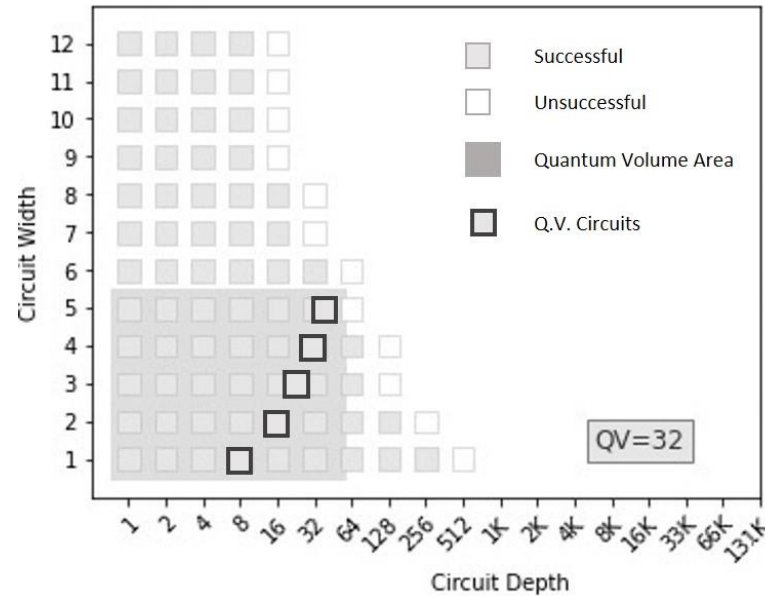
- Set up a **framework** to run small algorithms and applications as “**benchmarks**”
- Generalizes a **sweep** over a range of **problem sizes** (qubit widths)
- Systematize the collection, analysis and presentation of **result fidelity, execution time**, and other metrics
- Analyze results and produce **relevant reports and visuals**

# Present Metrics Results in Bar Charts and Volumetric Charts by App



Quantum Phase Estimation  
12 Qubits

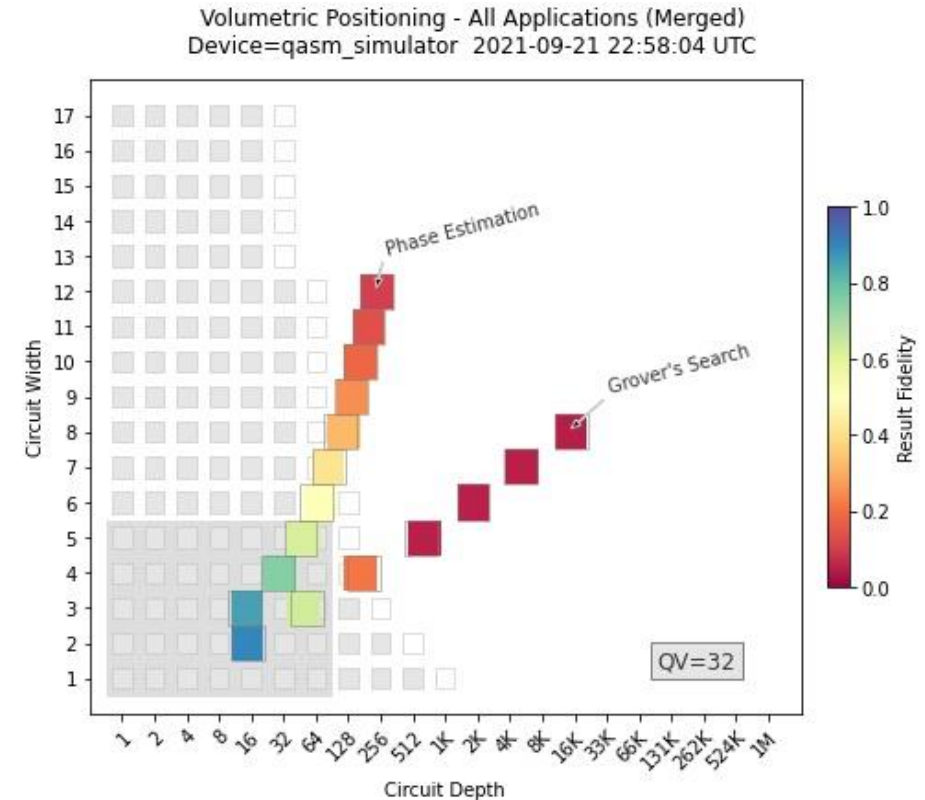
+



Volumetric Benchmarking  
Sandia Quantum  
Performance Lab

(Blume-Kohout, Young, Proctor)

=



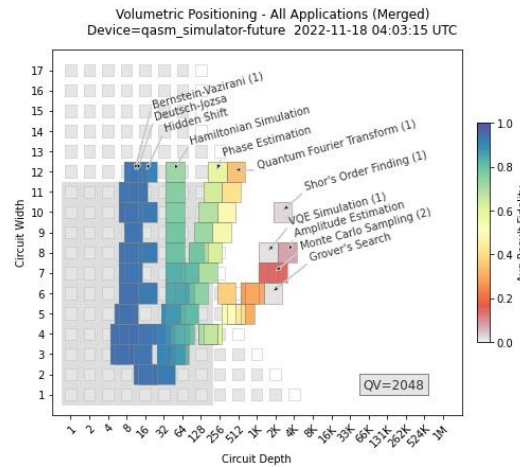
Volumetric Positioning  
of  
Application profile

# Timeline of QED-C Benchmark Efforts

## Application-Oriented Performance Benchmarks

<https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10061574>

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.03137>

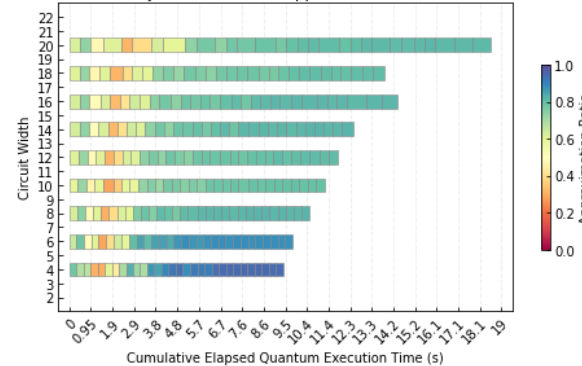


Conception + Planning

## Optimization Applications as Quantum Benchmarks

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2302.02278>

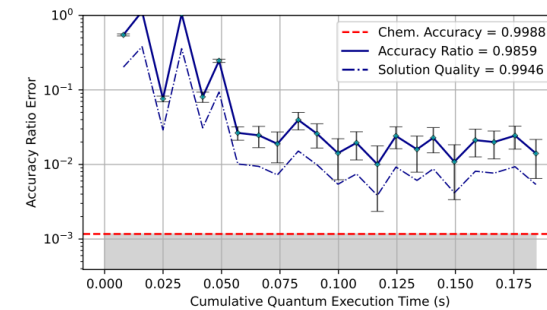
Benchmark Results - MaxCut (2) - Qiskit  
Device=ibmq\_qasm\_simulator-20-7 Oct 31, 2022 16:10:53 UTC  
shots=5000, rounds=2, degree=3, restarts=7,  
Objective Function=Approximation Ratio



## Quantum Algorithm Exploration with A.O. Benchmarks

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.08985>

Benchmark Results - Hydrogen Lattice (2) - Qiskit  
Device=qasm\_simulator Sep 09, 2023 06:03:04 UTC  
qubits=2, radius=0.75, shots=1000



Benchmarking Applications of Hamiltonians using HamLib (WIP)

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

Algorithm Execution Fidelity and Run Time

Throughput and Application Metrics

Increase Coverage Exploration Features

Simulation and Applications



# 15+ Benchmark Programs (w/ variants)

Tutorial	Qiskit	Cirq	Braket
Deutsch-Jozsa	X	X	X
Bernstein-Vazirani	X	X	X
Hidden-Shift	X	X	X

Subroutine	Qiskit	Cirq	Braket
Quantum-Fourier-Transform	X	X	X
Phase Estimation	X	X	X
Amplitude Estimation	X	X	

Functional	Qiskit	Cirq	Braket
Hamiltonian Simulation	X	X	X
Grover's Search	X	X	X
Monte Carlo Sampling	X	X	
Variational Quantum Eigensolver	X		
Shor's Order Finding Algorithm	X		

Application	Qiskit	Cirq	Braket
HHL Linear Solver	X		
MaxCut QAOA Algorithm	X		
Hydrogen Lattice VQE Algorithm	X		
Image Recognition	X		

Quantum Program APIs: Qiskit, Cirq, Braket, **CUDA Quantum**, **Q#**

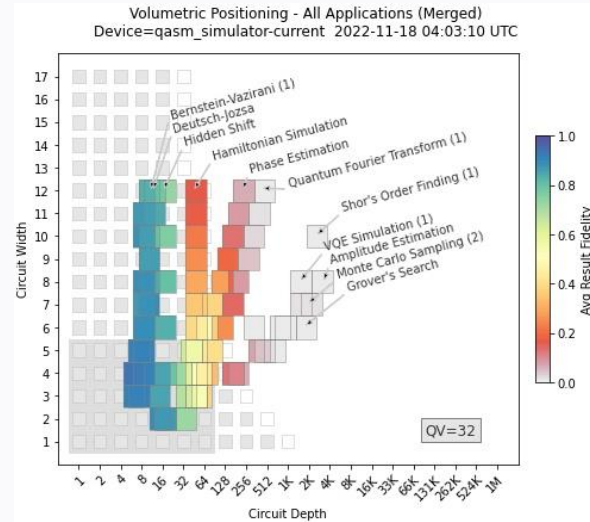
Quantum Backends: IBM Quantum, IonQ, Quantinuum, Rigetti, BlueQubit, **NVIDIA**

Code Repository: <https://github.com/SRI-International/QC-App-Oriented-Benchmarks>

# Benchmark Results (Simulator + Hardware) – Now and in the Future ?

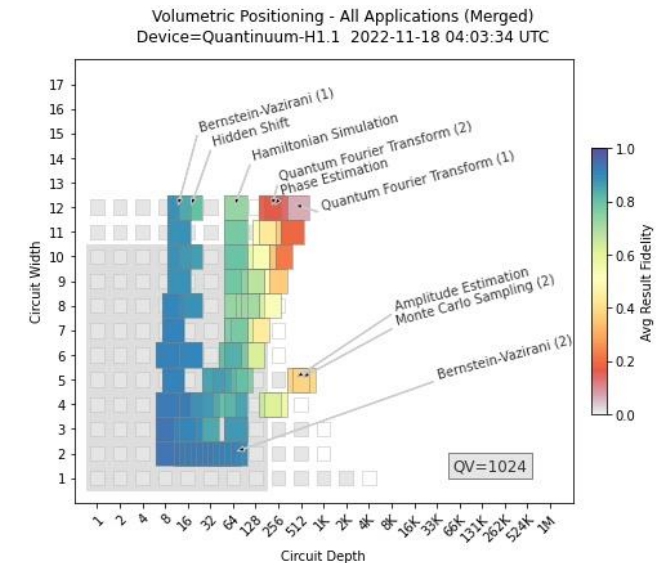
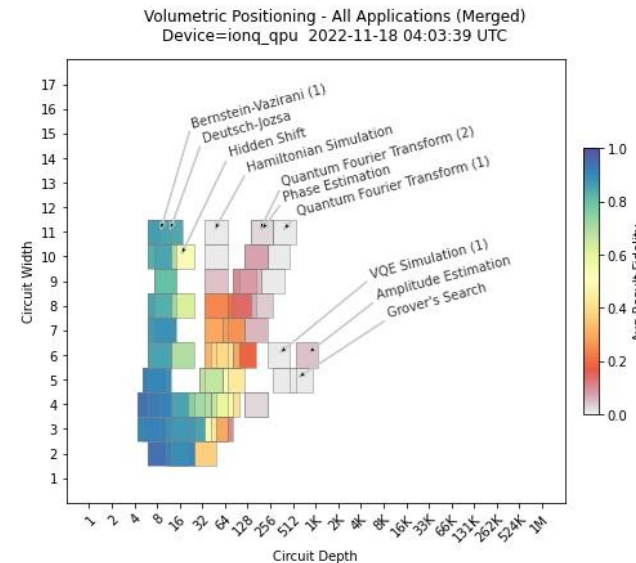
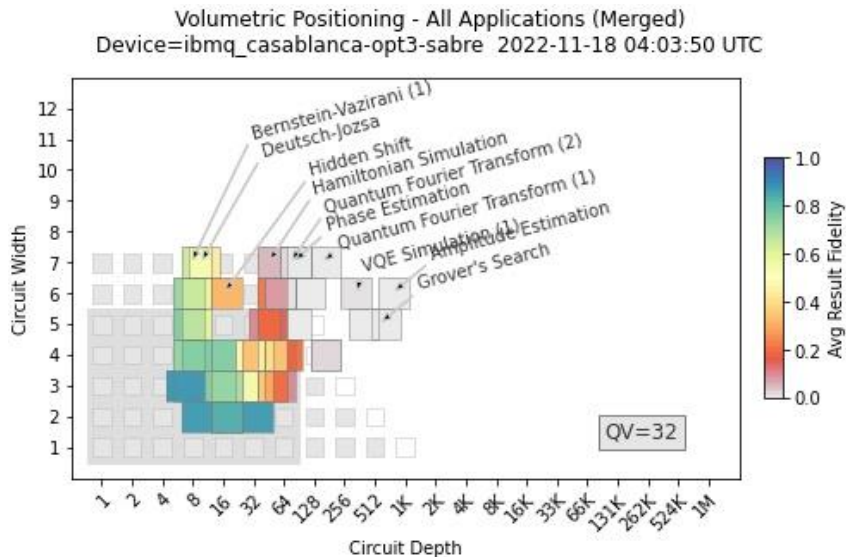
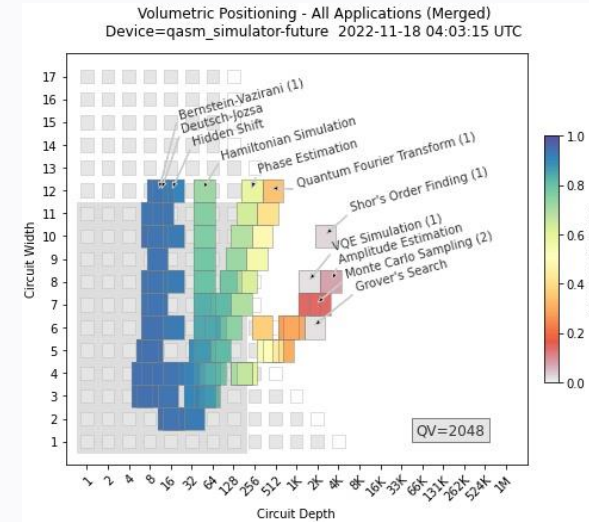
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.03137>

Current devices  
(QV=32)



Simulator

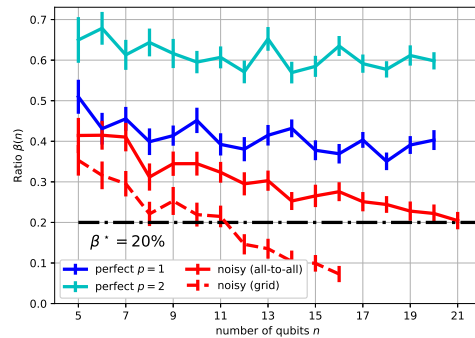
Future devices  
(QV=2048)?



# Other Application-Focused Benchmarks (Single Organization)

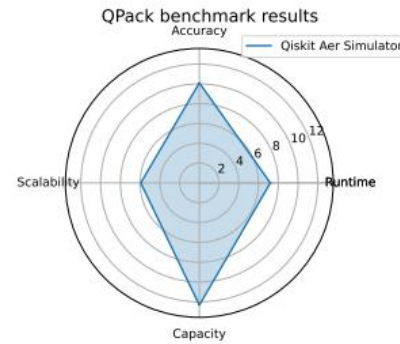
## Q-score (Atos)

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.12973>



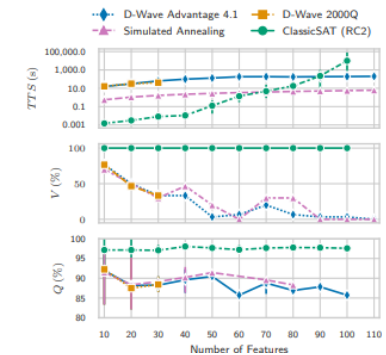
## QPack-Scores (Delft)

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.12142>



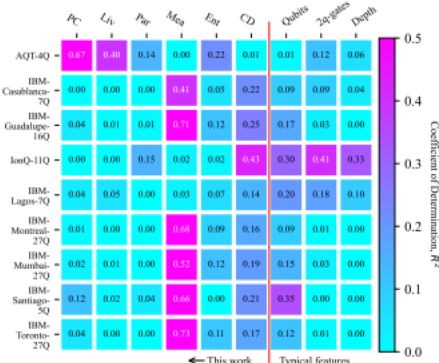
## QUARK (BMW)

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.03028>



## SupermarQ (Infleqtion)

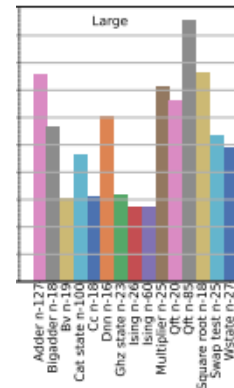
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.11045>



(a) Including error-correction benchmarks.

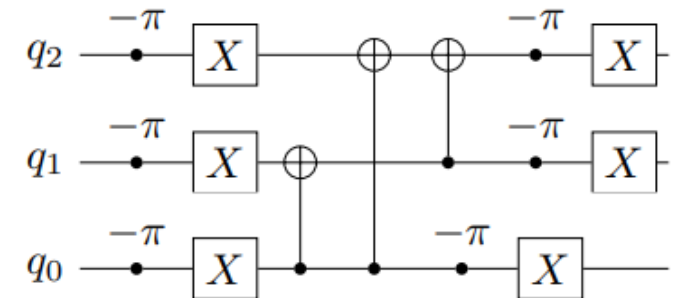
## QASMBench (PNNL)

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.13018>

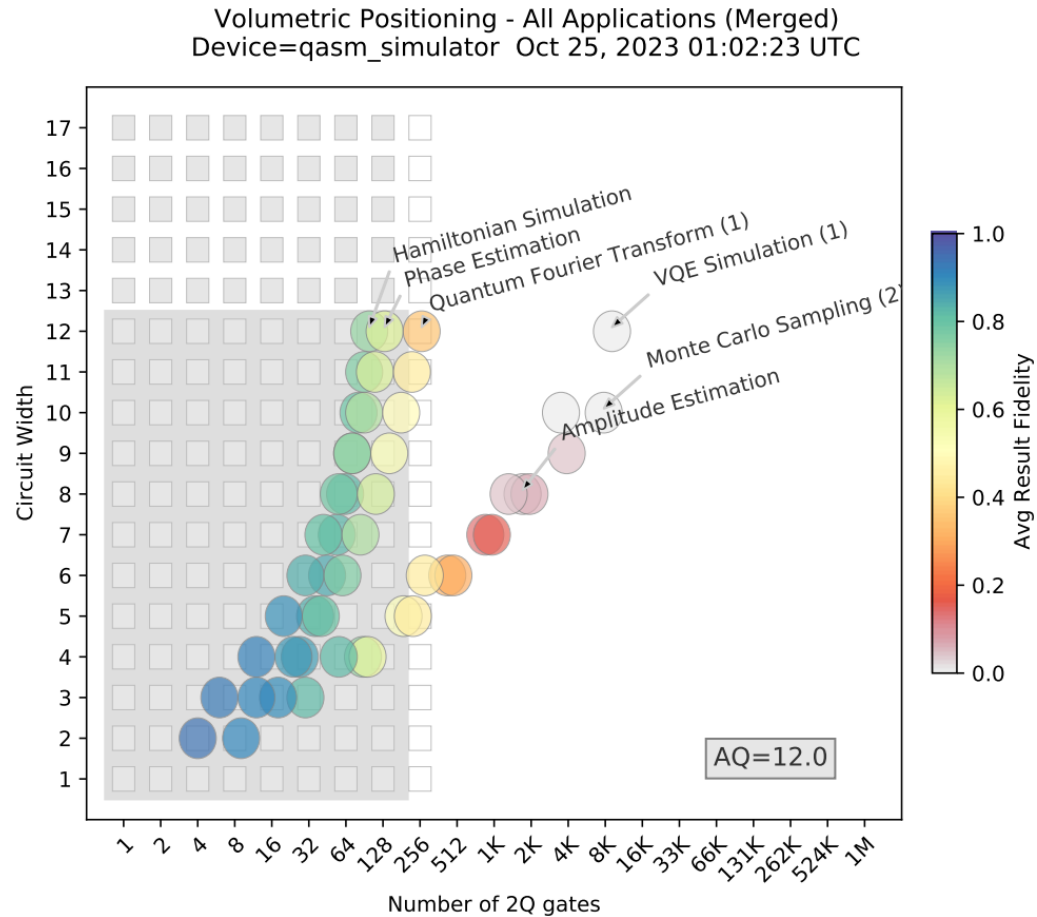


## MQT Bench (U. Munich)

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.13719>



# Algorithmic Qubits (introduced by IonQ)



## NOTES:

AQ based on QED-C Benchmarks

Adds computation of AQ number  
(similar to  $N$  in QV's  $2^N$ )

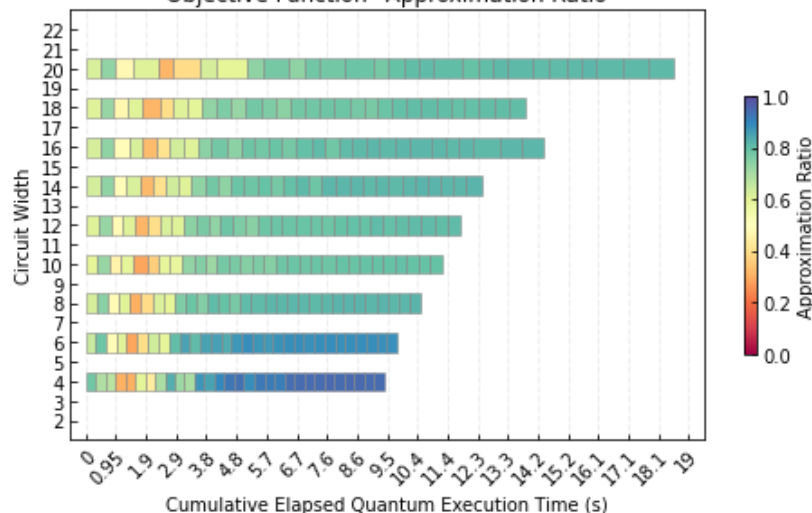
Adds Number of 2Q gates in X-axis  
(instead of normalized gate count)

The QED-C repo includes the AQ option

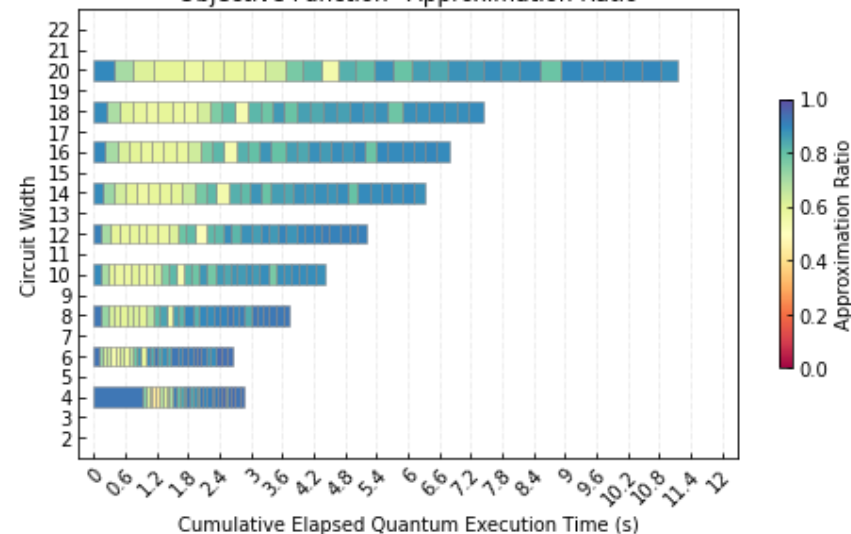
*More on issues with AQ in later slide*

# Benchmarking Hybrid Algorithms – QAOA Example

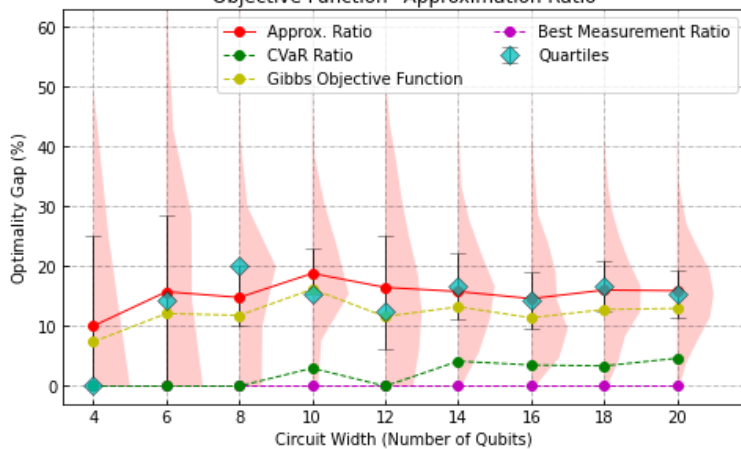
Benchmark Results - MaxCut (2) - Qiskit  
Device=ibmq\_qasm\_simulator-20-7 Oct 31, 2022 16:10:53 UTC  
shots=5000, rounds=2, degree=3, restarts=7,  
Objective Function=Approximation Ratio



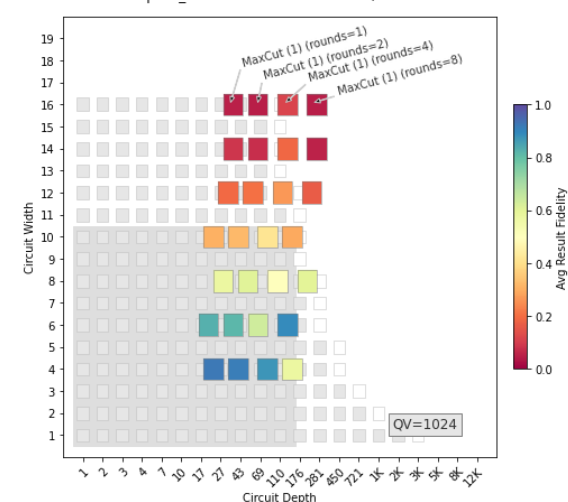
Benchmark Results - MaxCut (2) - Qiskit  
Device=qasm\_simulator Dec 03, 2022 23:45:13 UTC  
shots=1000, rounds=5, degree=3, restarts=1, fixed\_angles=True,  
Objective Function=Approximation Ratio



Benchmark Results - MaxCut (2) - Qiskit  
Device=qasm\_simulator Nov 15, 2022 04:43:05 UTC  
shots=1000, rounds=2, degree=3, restarts=1, fixed\_angles=False,  
Objective Function=Approximation Ratio



Volumetric Positioning - All Applications (Merged)  
Device=qasm\_simulator-s1000-rN Nov 25, 2022 16:47:31 UTC



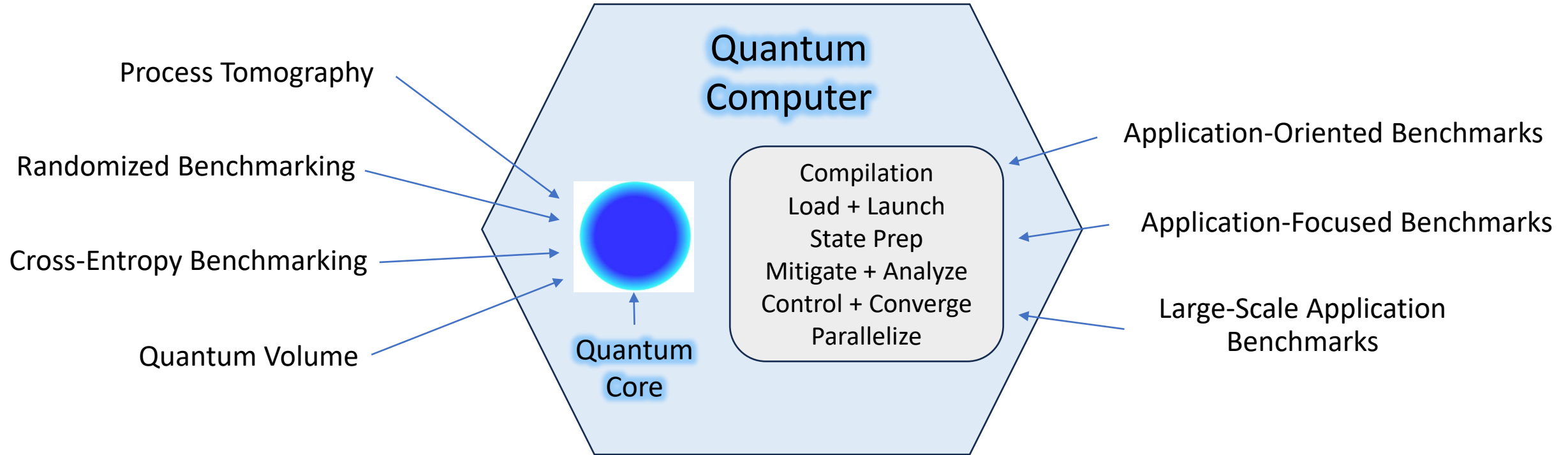
*The paper (2) includes hardware results with emphasis on throughput assessment*

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2302.02278>

# Properly Positioning Application-Oriented Benchmarks

Probe the “Quantum Core”

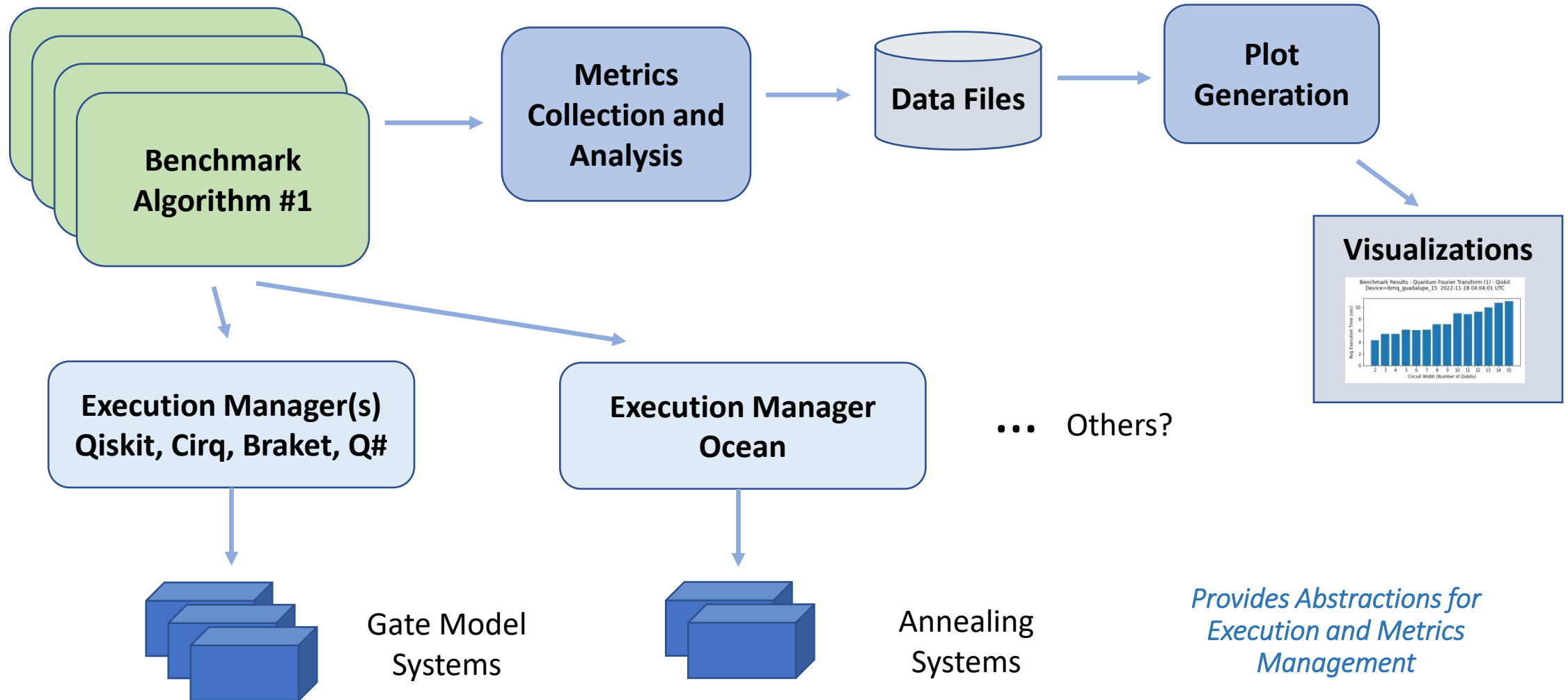
Probe the “Full-Stack Quantum Computer”



# Two Ways to use Application-Oriented Benchmarks

- Benchmarking the Quantum Computer itself
  - Same benchmark run on different targets or hardware variations
  - Should align with predictions from component metrics
  - Critical to identify classical techniques used, e.g. error mitigation, which affects results
- Use Benchmarks to Explore Variations on Quantum Algorithms
  - Run a benchmark on the same machine but change parameters
  - Two directions this can take:
    - Modify properties of the quantum circuits used
    - Modify properties of the classical code, e.g. optimizer, pre- and post-processing

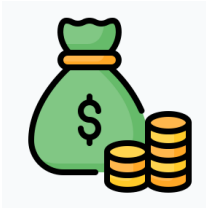
# Benchmarking Framework – Architecture





# Characterizing Quantum Application Performance

## • Resources



- Algorithmic Circuit Depth
- Normalized Depth – in normal basis gates
- Number of 2-qubit gates
- Xi Factor – 2-qubit gates / total
- Circuit Width

## • Execution Time



- Quantum Circuit Creation Time – API time
- Quantum Execution Time – QPU time
- Elapsed Execution Time – compile/transfer/enhance
- Classical Execution Time – everything non-quantum

## • Result Quality



- Hellinger Fidelity
- Normalized Hellinger Fidelity
- Application-Specific Metrics
  - Optimization - Approximation Ratio / Optimization Gap
  - Simulation - Energy / Accuracy Ratio Error (Chem)
  - Computation - Solution Quality (Algebraic)

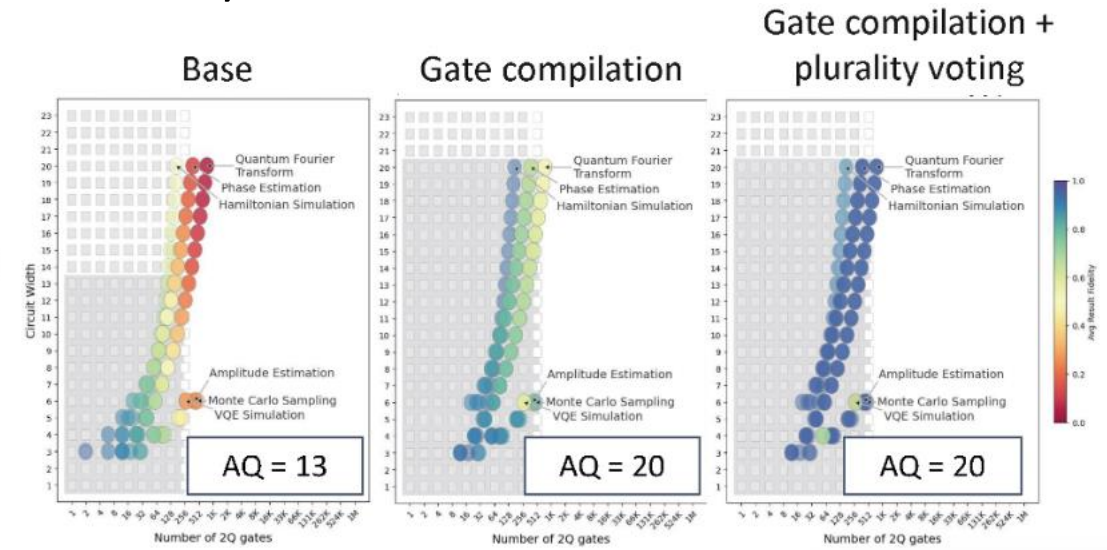
# Exploration of Quantum Algorithm Variations - Benchmark Weaknesses

- Various External Efforts identified simple program processing techniques that produce misleading or erroneous results (e.g. ignores run-time).

- Debunking Algo Qubits**

- <https://www.quantinuum.com/news/debunking-algorithmic-qubits>

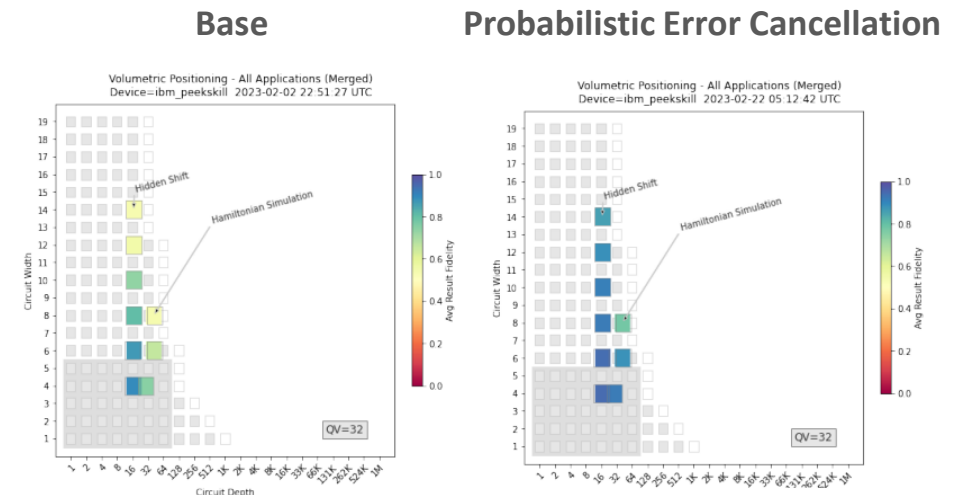
2Q fidelity = 0.995  
 $QV = 2^{12} = 4096$



- Defining Best Practices for Quantum Benchmarks**

- <https://www.computer.org/csdl/proceedings-article/qce/2023/432301a692/1SuQzXPjnDW>

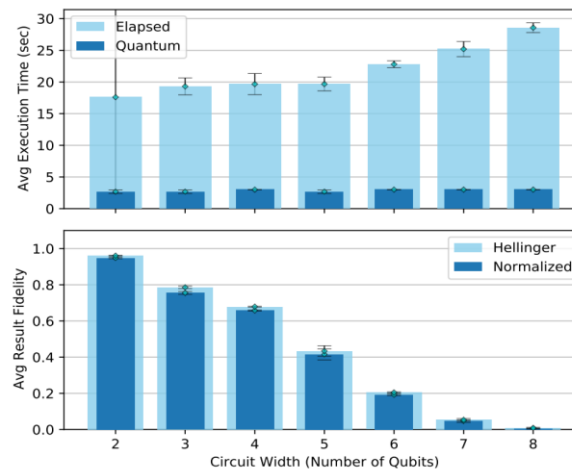
- Leads QED-C to a study of compilation / mitigation techniques



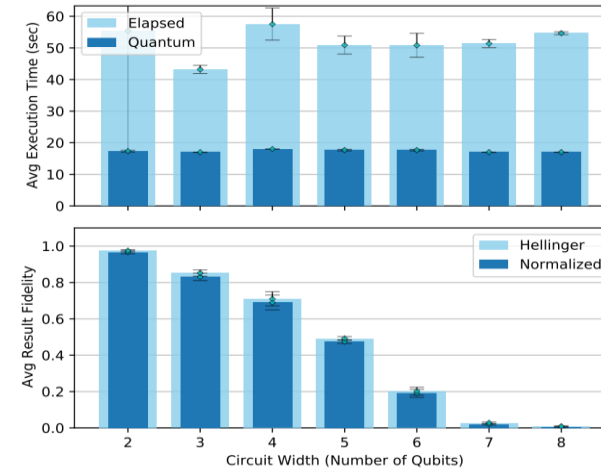
# Exploration of Quantum Algorithm Variations - Program Optimizations

- Compare Results with error mitigation, showing run-time cost

Benchmark Results - Quantum Fourier Transform (1) - Qiskit  
Device=ibm\_brisbane-240212-res-0 Feb 13, 2024 23:23:43 UTC

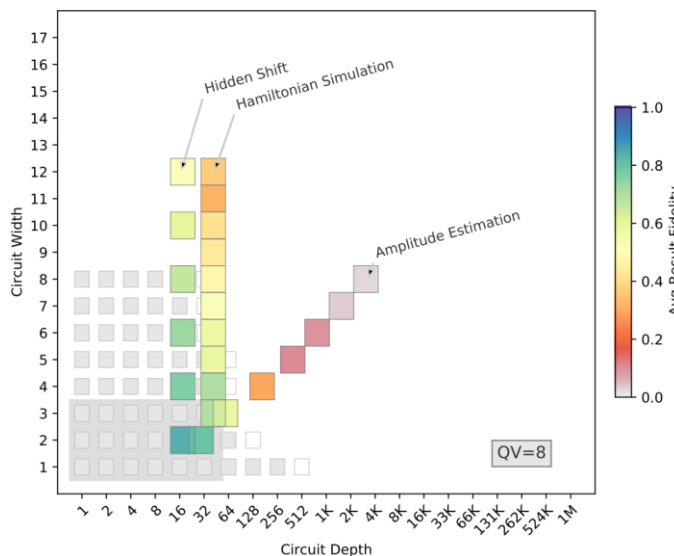


Benchmark Results - Quantum Fourier Transform (1) - Qiskit  
Device=ibm\_brisbane-240212-res-1 Feb 13, 2024 23:23:58 UTC

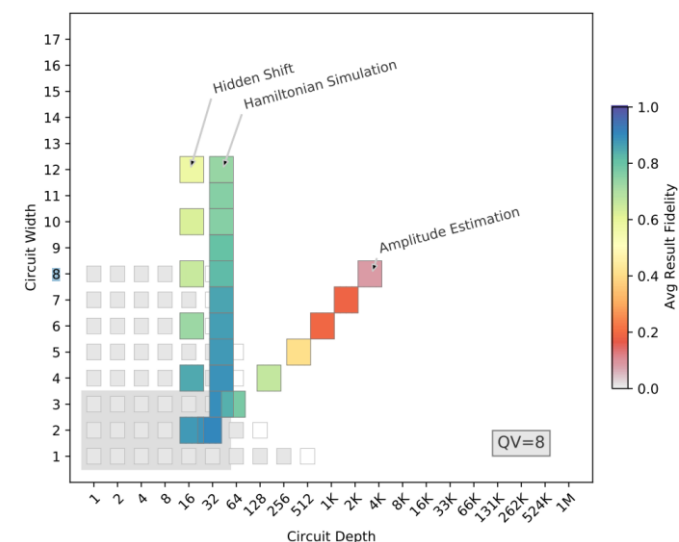


- Compare results with special optimizations, showing algorithm-specific results

Volumetric Positioning - All Applications (Merged)  
Device=Fake Mumbai\_qiskit Oct 12, 2023 18:41:15 UTC



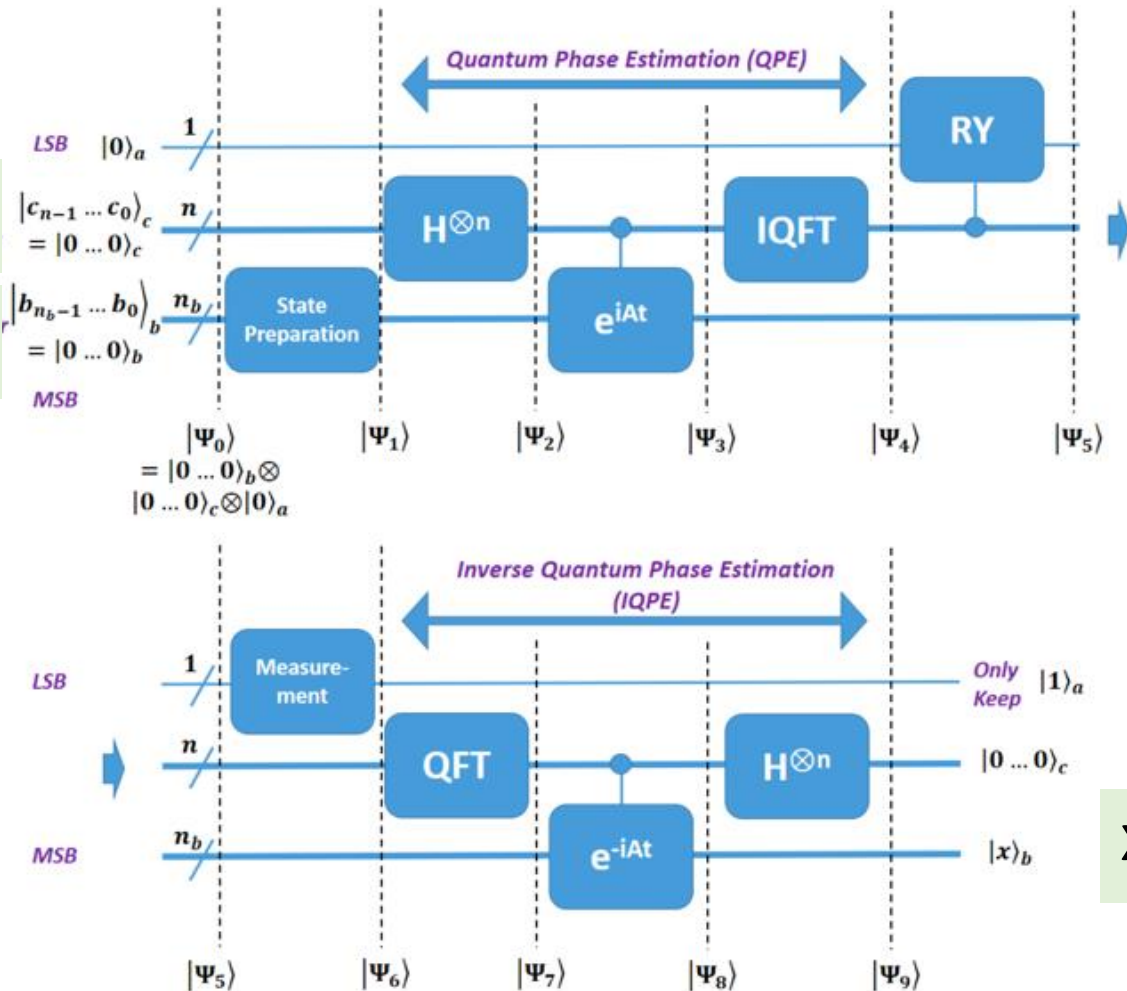
Volumetric Positioning - All Applications (Merged)  
Device=Fake Mumbai\_pytket Oct 12, 2023 18:41:25 UTC



# Exploration of Quantum Algorithm Variations (1) HHL

- Vary Circuit Construction Parameters in HHL Solver ( $Ax = b$ , find  $x$ )

A:clock  
b:input

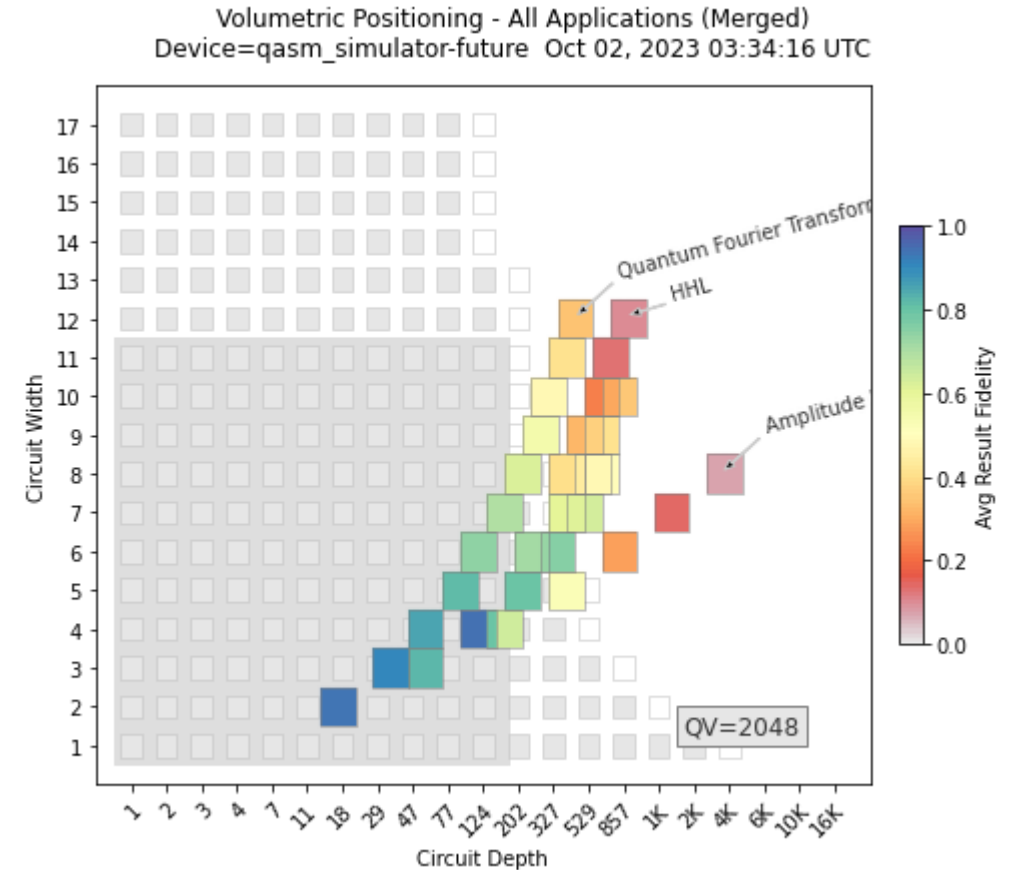
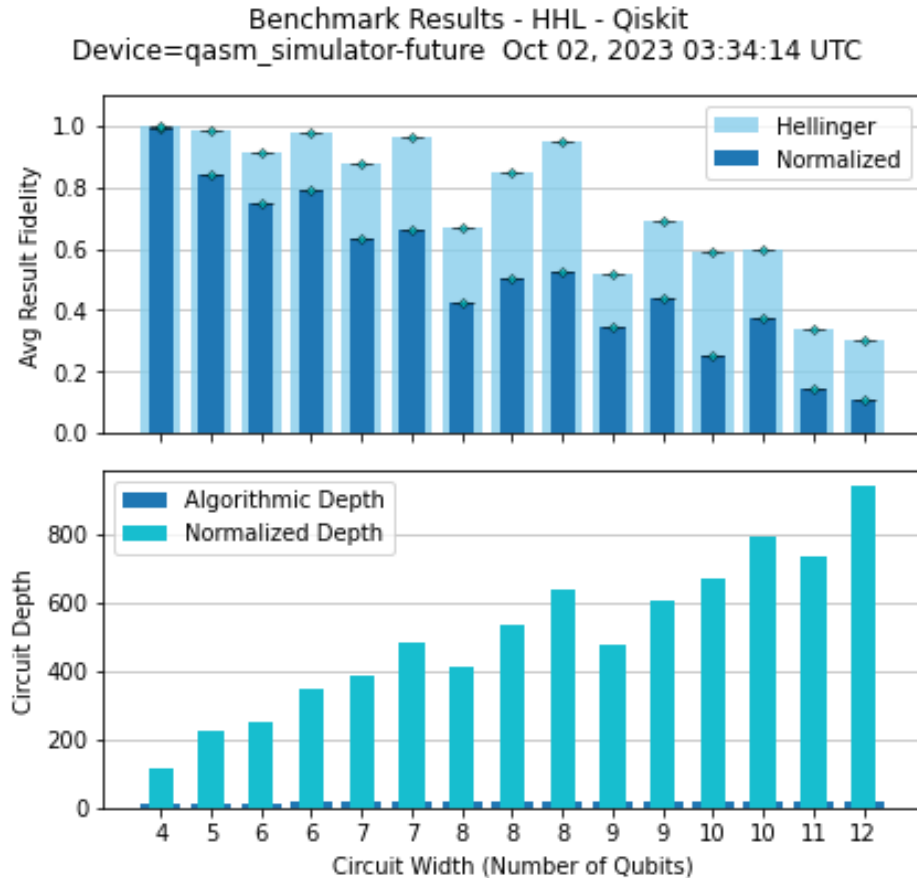


- What is the impact of modifying the clock and input size to the resources required and quality of result?

x:result

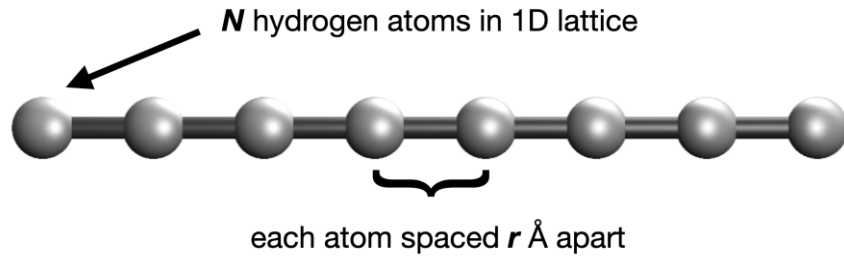
# Exploration of Quantum Algorithm Variations -- (1) HHL

HHL Scaling Rule:  $N_{\text{total}} \geq 2 \times N_{\text{input}} + N_{\text{clock}} + 1$   $\longrightarrow$  Multiple execution groups at some widths

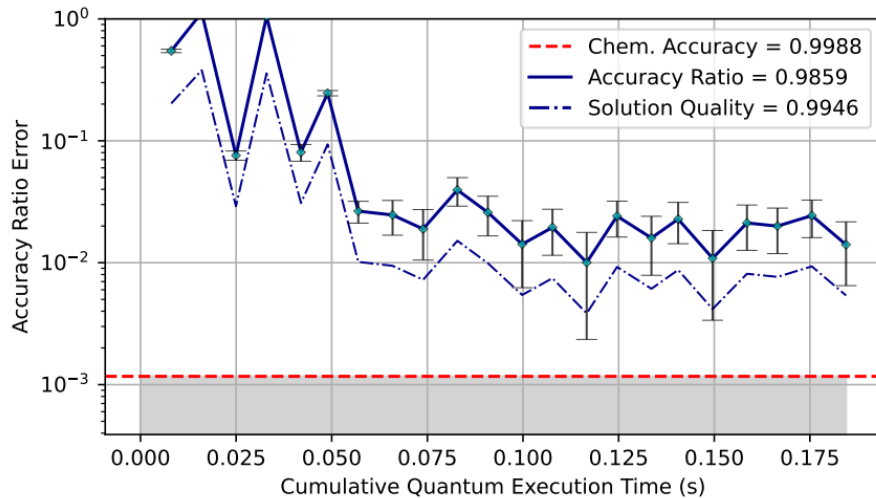


# Exploration of Quantum Algorithm Variations (2) Simulation

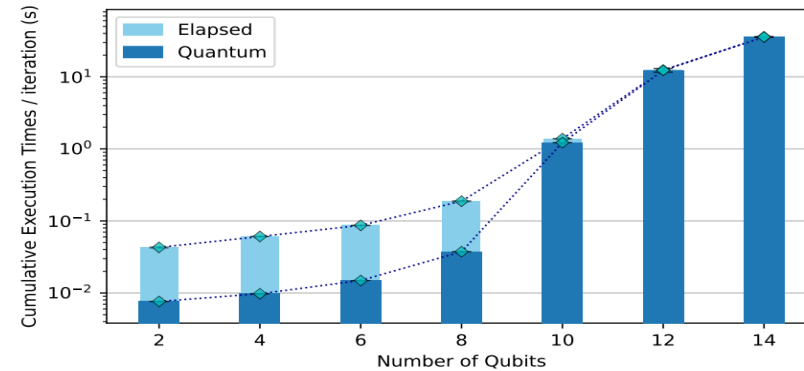
- Vary Ansatz Parameters, Classical Optimizer, Application-Specific Simulation Metrics



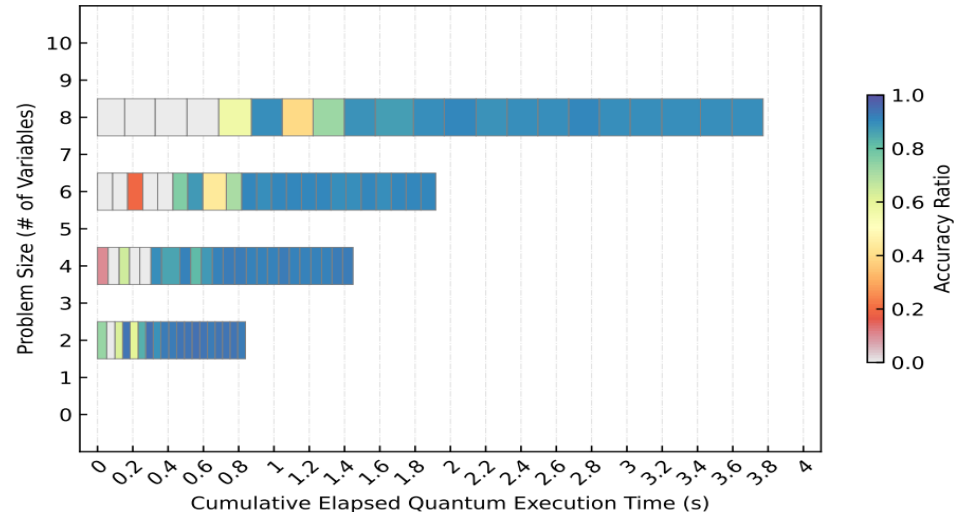
Benchmark Results - Hydrogen Lattice (2) - Qiskit  
Device=qasm\_simulator Sep 09, 2023 06:03:04 UTC  
qubits=2, radius=0.75, shots=1000



Benchmark Results - Hydrogen Lattice (2) - Qiskit  
Device=qasm\_simulator-230910-5r Jan 30, 2024 23:58:40 UTC  
qubits=14, shots=1000, radius=0.75, restarts=5



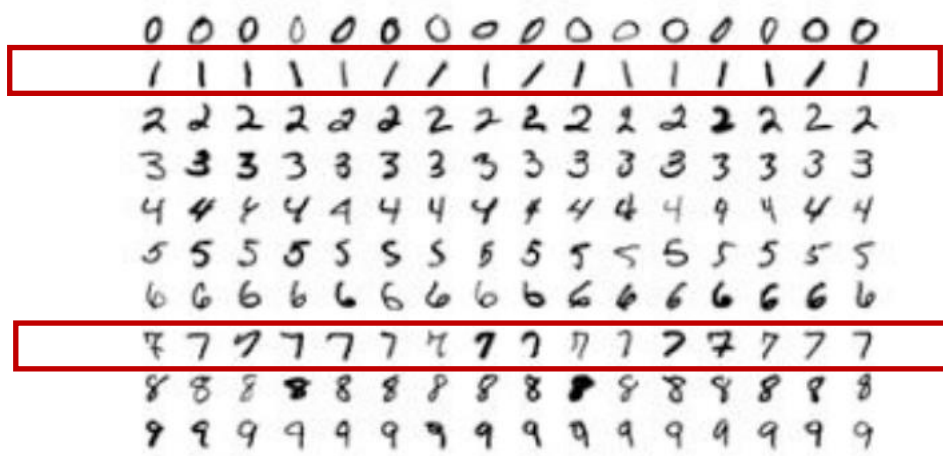
Benchmark Results - Hydrogen Lattice (2) - Qiskit  
Device=qasm\_simulator Sep 09, 2023 06:47:36 UTC  
shots=1000, radius=None, restarts=1



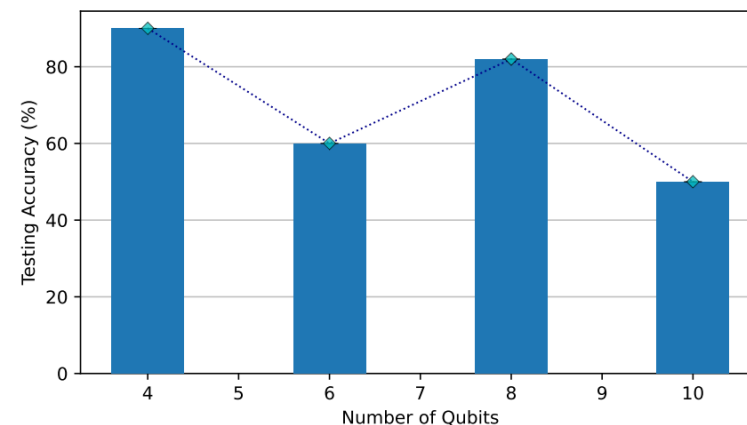
# Exploration of Quantum Algorithm Variations (3) Machine Learning

- Image Recognition - Data Encoding, Batch Processing, Training and Execution

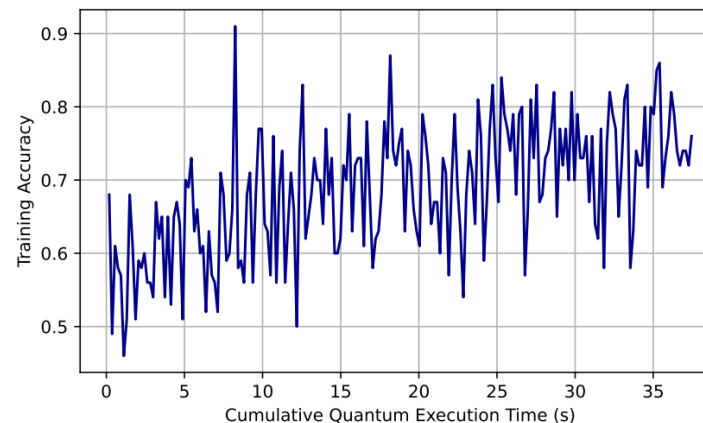
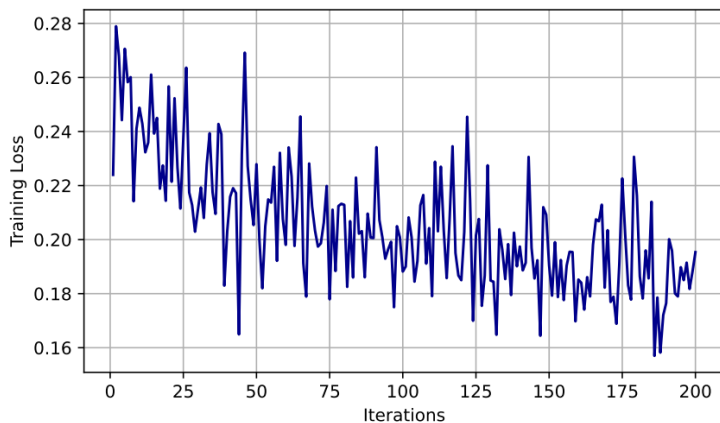
Recognize  
1s and 7s



Benchmark Results - Image Recognition (3) - Qiskit  
Device=statevector\_simulator Jan 04, 2024 00:58:55 UTC  
qubits=10, shots=1000, restarts=1



Benchmark Results - Image Recognition (2) - Qiskit  
Device=statevector\_simulator Jan 04, 2024 00:48:34 UTC  
qubits=4, shots=1000, ansatz=qcnn uniform, method=2





# Upcoming Projects

- Build Out Hamiltonian Simulation Benchmarking
  - Improve Resilience against gross optimizations, e.g. small angle removal
  - Integrate large library of pre-computed Hamiltonians for different applications from HamLib - <https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.13126>
- Explore and Benchmark Advanced Quantum-Classical Algorithms
  - FALQON Feedback-based quantum optimization - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2103.08619>
  - Random Walk Phase Estimation - <https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fphy.2022.940293/full>
  - LAQCC Feed-forward state preparation - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2307.14840>



# Incorporate Software Engineering Practices

- Primary Focus has been quantum algorithms and benchmarking
- Need - Software Engineering Improvements
  - Task Tracking, Testing, and Release Procedures
  - Delivery mechanisms beyond repo cloning and Jupyter notebooks
  - High-level website and proper documentation
- Need - Software Execution Improvements
  - Data storage and archival
  - Background processing and job management
  - User configuration management

# Benchmarking – A few Key Points

## ***Why the focus on benchmarking?***

*Providers and Users have lots to draw on and can do it themselves.*

*Provides industry validation and build credibility for continued investment*

## ***A Platform for Exploration that saves Time and Money***

*Express applications with consistent design patterns*

*How do algorithms/applications scale?*

*How do various evolving programming APIs differ?*

*Take advantage of common abstractions for execution, metrics, visualization*

The End

*Questions and Comments ?*