

Unlock the future

Overview of digital twins' usage at Michelin application to support the design of rubber manufacturing processes

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A wide range of digital twins at Michelin

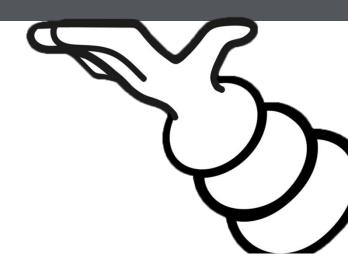
- From virtual homologation...
- ... to connected tires

Focus on rubber manufacturing processes

- From high-fidelity FEA simulations...
- ... to fast and tailored digital twins



A wide range of digital twins at Michelin







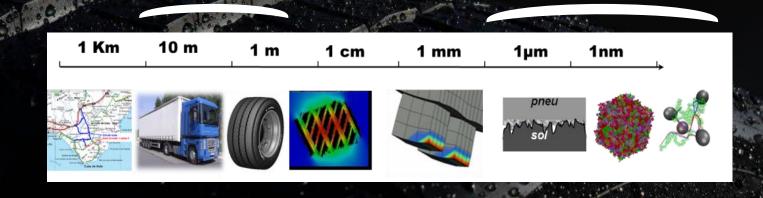
Simulations from molecule to vehicle

Product performance

- virtual tire as a product
- virtual vehicle & tire co-design

Material conception levers

- optimize material recipe
- virtual material for simulation



Services & usage

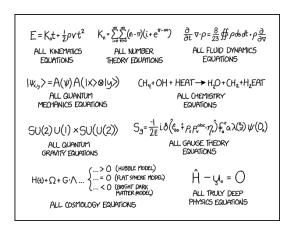
- predictive maintenance
- real time condition assessment

Tire conception levers

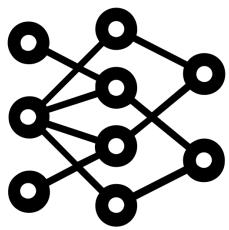
- real-time performance prediction
- early integration of industry contraints

Models in engineering

Physics-based



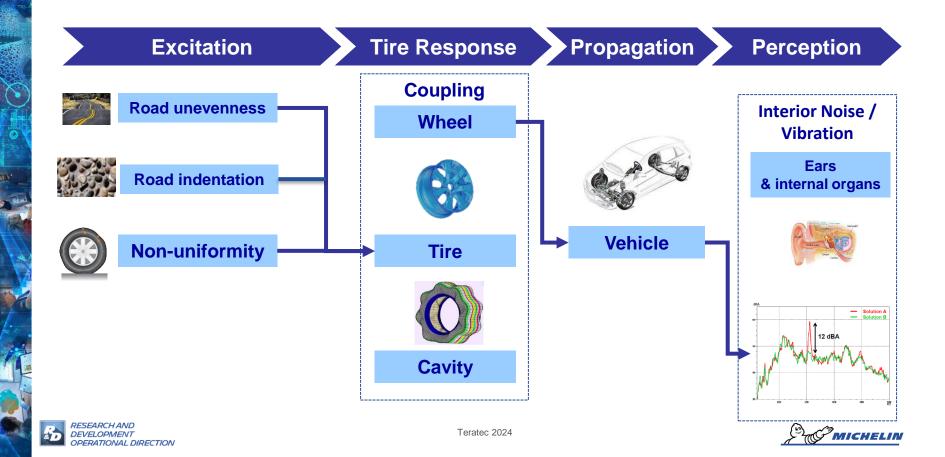
Machine learning



When equations-based world description meets real world observations through data assimilation and machine learning

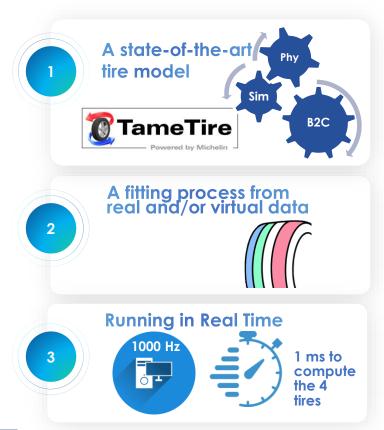


From Virtual homologation... Noise & Vibrations Performance



From Virtual Homogation...

Rethink car development with driving simulators













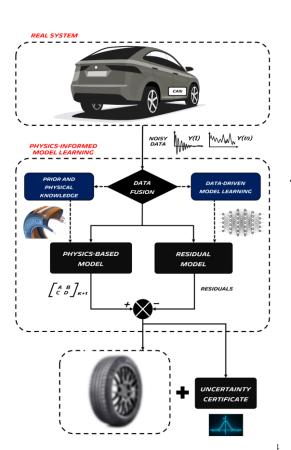
...To connected tires

Combining sensors data

With tire physics knowledge

Thanks to data fusion

To estimate tire state



Leveraging tire physics knowledge and tire databases





To connected tires

« My car tells me when my tires need to be changed »







✓ Customer retention through Improved drivers' experience & satisfaction to the brand



✓ Improve revenue from aftersales through traffic generation

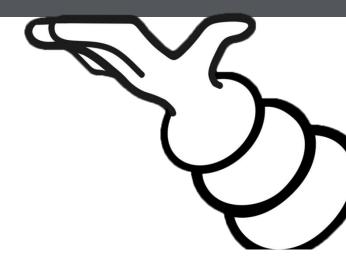


√ Tire Life Cycle improvement





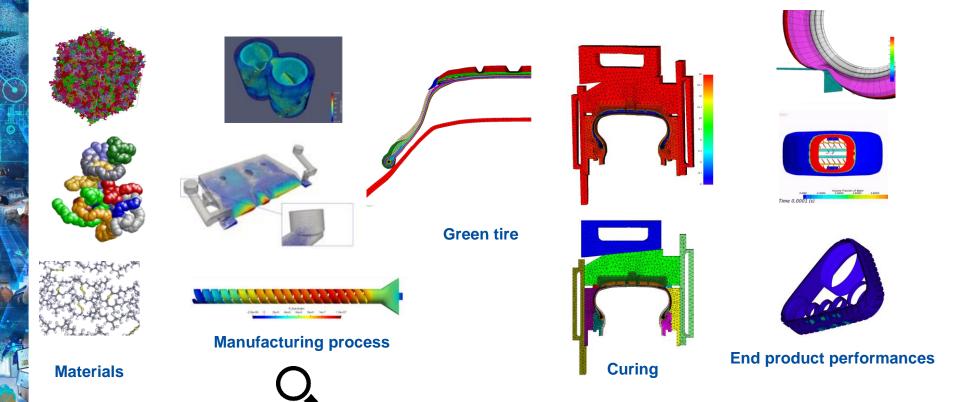
Focus on rubber manufacturing processes







Simulation for research & product design







Rubber manufacturing processes











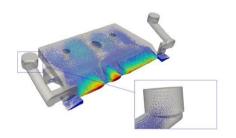


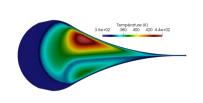
Multiple processes: cylinder tools, calender, mixer, extruder, cooling belts...

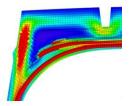


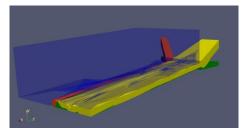


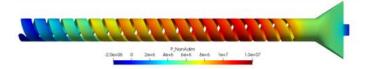
From high-fidelity FEA simulations...

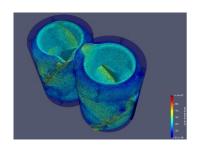


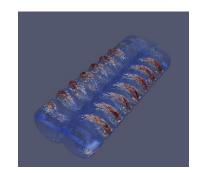


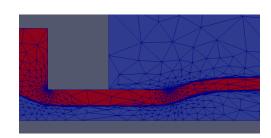








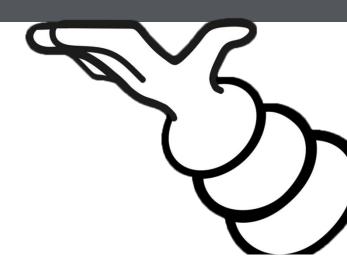








So far, so good. Is it enough though?







What levers on results for end-users?

- Barely mesh size :
 - time constrained (conception loops are time boxed)
 - model constrained
- Model choices like material law, contact modelisation, stationnary or not, axi or 3D,
 ... (but again many constraints)

But we needed to

- Go faster
- Be more precise using collected measures and data!
- Give more levers and perform more multivariate analysis







...To fast & tailored digital twins...

A decision-making assistant for mixing line process



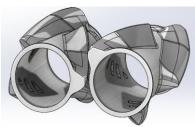


Choose a factory; Define process parameters; Analyse mix. properties

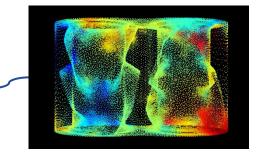


Original computational core

- Modelling of internal mixer is inaccurate but fast (minutes)
- 3D physics-based simulations are accurate but slow (days)

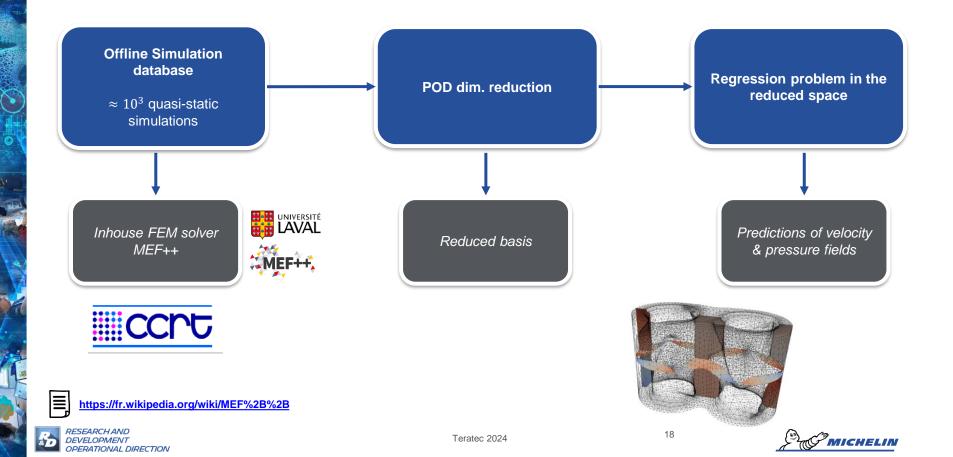


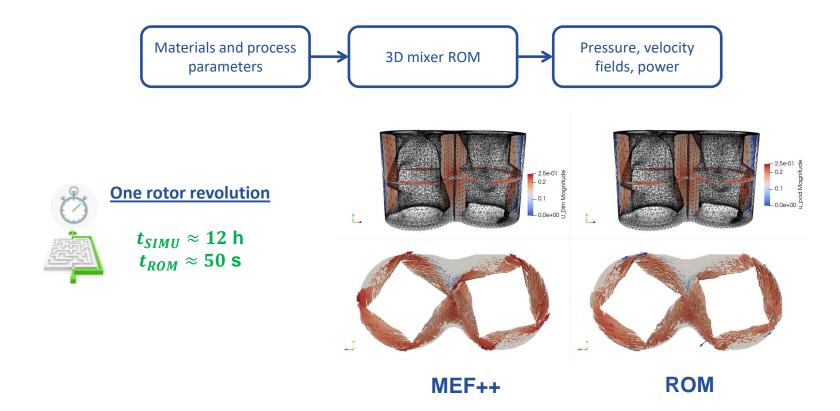
Trade-off: use 3D physics-based simulations as a **data generator for ROM**











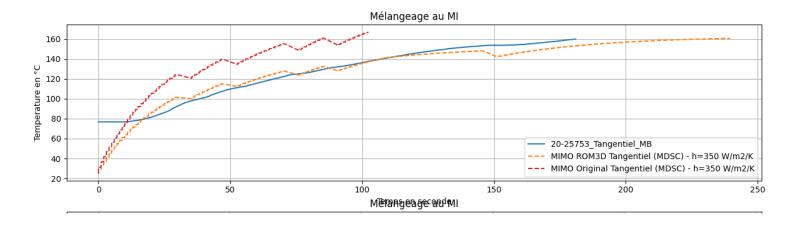






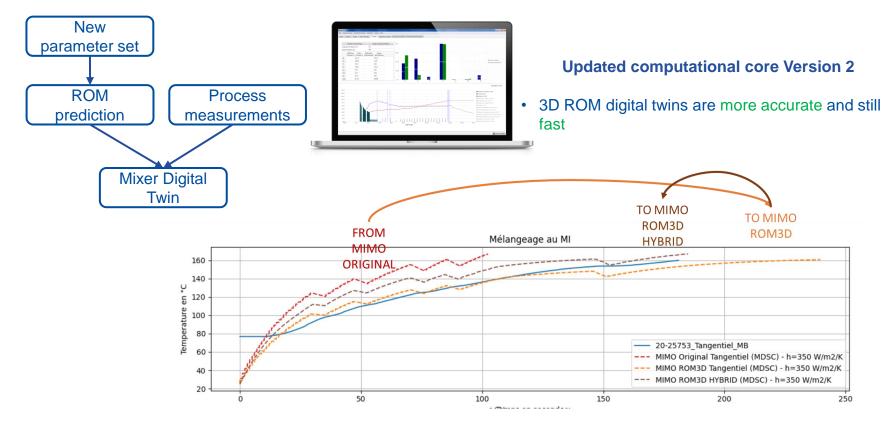
Updated computational core Version 1

3D ROM simulations are more accurate and fast





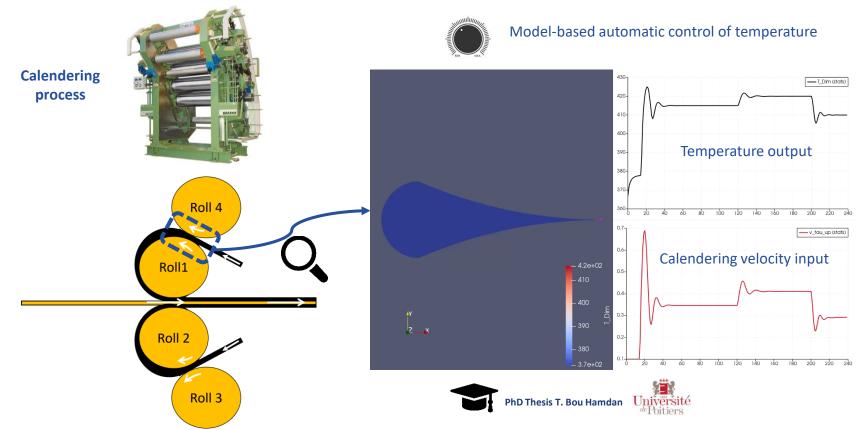








Towards real time process actuation...









Thank you



Overview of digital twins' usage at Michelin application to support the design of rubber manufacturing processes

HIGHLIGHTS

- Digital twins at Michelin: when equations-based world description meets real world observations
- A wide range of applications
 - From tire virtual homologation...to connected tires
 - Focus on rubber manufacturing processes
 - When physics-based simulation meets reduced-order modelling and optimization to build efficient decision-making assistants





